

# QUESTIONS & SOLUTIONS

Reproduced from Memory Retention

 17 March, 2021

SHIFT-2

 03:00 pm to 06:00 pm



Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 300

## SUBJECT - CHEMISTRY

### JEE (MAIN) FEB 2021 RESULT

Legacy of producing  
**Best Results Proved again**

RELIABLE  
TOPPER



**100%**tile  
in **MATHS**

PRANAV JAIN  
Roll No. : 20771421  
**99.993%**tile  
Overall

**100%**tile  
in **MATHS & PHYSICS**

KHUSHAGRA GUPTA  
Roll No. : 20975433

#### RESULT HIGHLIGHTS

**21** Students  
Secured  
**100%**tile  
in Maths / Physics

**138**  
students secured  
above **99%**tile (Overall)

All are from **KOTA CLASSROOM** only



TARGET  
JEE (MAIN+ADV.)  
2021

**SHAKTI**  
COMPACT COURSE  
for XII passed students

Course  
Duration  
**250+**  
Hrs

Starting from



**22<sup>nd</sup>** MAR  
2021

Course will be available in both  
Offline & Online mode

## CHEMISTRY

1. Match the followings-

- |                                    |                       |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (A) Artificial sweetner            | (i) Sodium benzoate   |
| (B) Antiseptic                     | (ii) Bithional        |
| (C) Preservative                   | (iii) Sodium stearate |
| (D) Glyceryl ester of stearic acid | (iv) Sucralose        |

(1) (A) → (iv), (B) → (ii), (C) → (i), (D) → (iii)

(2) (A) → (iii), (B) → (i), (C) → (ii), (D) → (iv)

(3) (A) → (i), (B) → (iii), (C) → (i), (D) → (iii)

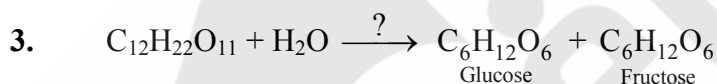
(4) (A) → (i), (B) → (iii), (C) → (iii), (D) → (i)

Ans. (1)

2. Kjeldahl method is applicable for

- (1)  $\text{PhN}_2^{\oplus}$       (2)  $\text{Ph-NO}_2$       (3)  $\text{Ph-CH}_2\text{-NH}_2$       (4) 

Ans. (3)



Which of the following enzymes are used in above reactions respectively?

- |                          |                           |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| (1) Amylase and Zymase   | (2) Invertase and Zymase  |
| (3) Zymase and Invertase | (4) Amylase and Invertase |

Ans. (2)

4. Fructose is an example of

- (1) Pyranose      (2) Aldohexose      (3) Ketohehexose      (4) Pentose

Ans. (3)

5. **Statement-1** : 2-Methylbutane is oxidised by  $\text{KMnO}_4$  to give 2-Methyl butan-2-ol.

**Statement-2** : An alkane is easily oxidised by  $\text{KMnO}_4$ .

- (1) Both Statement-1 and Statement-2 are correct  
 (2) Both Statement-1 and Statement-2 are false  
 (3) Statement-1 is correct and Statement-2 is false  
 (4) Statement-1 is false and Statement-2 is correct

Ans. (3)

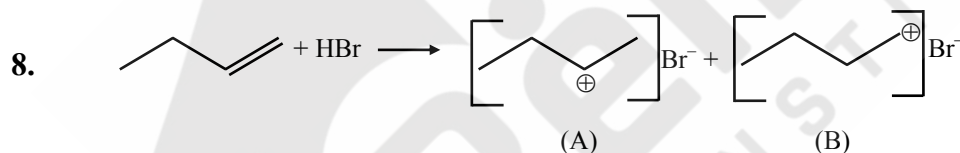
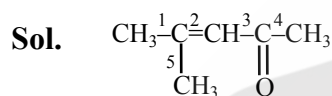
6.  $1^\circ$ ,  $2^\circ$  and  $3^\circ$  amines can be distinguish by-

- (1) Chloroform and KOH  
 (2)  $\text{CS}_2$  with  $\text{HgCl}_2$   
 (3) Tosyl chloride  
 (4)  $\text{HCl} + \text{ZnCl}_2$

Ans. (3)

7. How many carbon-carbon  $\sigma$  bonds are present in mesityl oxide ?

Ans. (5)



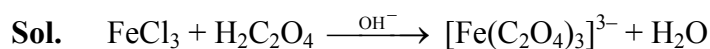
Correct statement about A & B is -

- (1) A is more stable and formed with faster rate.  
 (2) B is more stable and formed with faster rate.  
 (3) A is less stable and formed with slow rate.  
 (4) B is less stable and formed with faster rate.

Ans. (1)

9.  $\text{FeCl}_3$  is reacted with oxalic acid in presence of KOH. Find secondary valency of iron in product

Ans. (6)



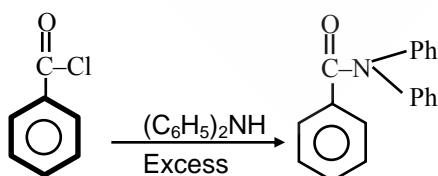
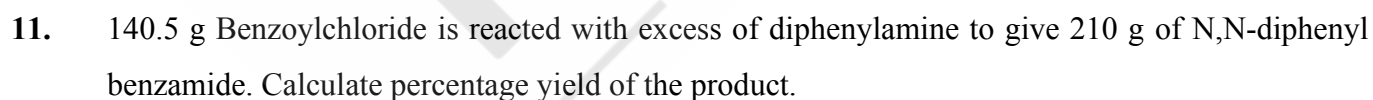
Secondary valency = 6



Identify A, B and C

- |     | A | B                   | C   |
|-----|---|---------------------|-----|
| (1) |   | CH <sub>3</sub> CHO | HCl |
| (2) |   | CH <sub>3</sub> CHO | HCl |
| (3) |   |                     | HCl |
| (4) |   |                     | HCl |

Ans. (2)



Ans. (77)



15. For the reaction  $N_2O_4(g) \rightleftharpoons 2NO_2(g)$   
 $K_p = 600.1 \text{ atm}$  &  $K_c = 20.4 \text{ mol/L}$  at TK.  
 Determine T if  $R = 0.083 \text{ L atm/K-mol}$

Ans. (354)

Sol.  $K_p = K_c (RT)^1$   
 $600.1 = 20.4 (0.083T)$   
 $T \approx 354 \text{ K}$

16. 1 molal aqueous  $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$  having  $\alpha = 0.4$  has same boiling point as 18.1% by weight solution of non electrolyte A. Find molar mass of A.

Ans. (85)

Sol. Since B.P. is same  $\Rightarrow$  elevation in B.P. is also same for both solution

$$\begin{aligned} (\Delta T_B)_{K_4[Fe(CN)_6]} &= (\Delta T_B)_A \\ \Rightarrow (i k_b m)_{K_4[Fe(CN)_6]} &= (i k_b m)_A \\ &= (1 + 4\alpha) \times 1 = 1 \times \frac{(18.1) / M \times 1000}{(100 - 18.1)} \\ \Rightarrow 2.6 &= \frac{(18.1)}{M} \times \frac{1000}{(81.9)} \Rightarrow M = 85 \end{aligned}$$

17. Linear species is:

(1)  $N_3^-$                       (2)  $NO_2$                       (3)  $Cl_2O$                       (4)  $O_3$

Ans. (1)

Sol.  $\begin{array}{c} \bar{N} = \overset{+}{N} = \bar{N} \\ \text{sp} \\ \text{(Linear)} \end{array}$

18. In which of the following process entropy of system is decreasing?

(A) Freezing of water at  $0^\circ C$                       (B) Freezing of water at  $-10^\circ C$   
 (C) Adsorption of  $H_2$  on Pb                      (D) Dissolution of NaCl in  $H_2O$

(E)  $N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightarrow 2NH_3(g)$

(1) A, B, C, E                      (2) A, B, C, D                      (3) A, B, C, D, E                      (4) A, B

Ans. (1)

Sol. (D)  $NaCl(s) \rightarrow Na^+(aq) + Cl^-(aq)$   $\Delta S > 0$

Remaining (A), (B), (C) and (E) have negative entropy

19.  $2A + B_2 \rightarrow 2AB$  is an elementary reaction. If volume of container is reduced to  $\frac{1}{3}$ rd. Determine ratio of rate final to initial.

**Ans. (27)**

**Sol.** For elementary reaction,

$$\text{Rate of reaction} = K [A]^2 [B_2]$$

$$\text{Initial rate} = K \left( \frac{n_A}{v_0} \right)^2 \left( \frac{n_B}{v_0} \right)$$

$$\text{Final rate} = K \left( \frac{n_A}{\frac{v_0}{3}} \right)^2 \left( \frac{n_B}{\frac{v_0}{3}} \right) = 27 K \left( \frac{n_A}{v_0} \right)^2 \left( \frac{n_B}{v_0} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{\text{Final Rate}}{\text{Initial Rate}} = \frac{27}{1}$$

20. Spin only magnetic moment in ground state of iron is  $x \times 10^{-1}$ .

$$(\sqrt{2} = 1.41, \sqrt{3} = 1.73)$$

**Ans. (49)**

**Sol.**  $Fe - 1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^6 4s^2$

Number of unpaired electron = 4

$$\begin{aligned} N_{\text{spin}} &= \sqrt{n(n+2)} \\ &= \sqrt{4(4+2)} \\ &= \sqrt{24} \\ &= 4.9 \\ &= 49 \times 10^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

21. A conductivity cell when filled with NaCl solution is found to have conductivity  $0.14 \Omega^{-1} \text{m}^{-1}$  and  $R = 4.09 \Omega$ . When HCl solution is filled in same conductivity cell,  $R$  is found to be  $1.03 \Omega$ . If conductivity of HCl solution is  $x \times 10^{-2}$  (in  $\Omega^{-1} \text{m}^{-1}$ ). Determine 'x'.

**Ans. (56)**

**Sol.** for NaCl solution

$$R = \left( \frac{1}{K} \right) \left( \frac{\ell}{A} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{\ell}{A} = (R)(K) = (4.09)(0.14) \text{ m}^{-1}$$

for HCl solution

$$R = \left( \frac{1}{K} \right) \left( \frac{\ell}{A} \right) \Rightarrow K = \frac{\left( \frac{\ell}{A} \right)}{R} = \frac{(4.09)(0.14)}{1.03} = 56 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$x = 56$$

22. Number of atoms in 20 ml of  $\text{Cl}_2$  at STP are  $x \times 10^{21}$ . Find x

$$R = 0.083$$

$$N_A = 6.023 \times 10^{23}$$

Ans. (1)

Sol.  $n = \frac{PV}{RT}$

$$= \frac{1 \times 20 \times 10^{-3}}{0.083 \times 273}$$

$$\text{Number of atoms} = \frac{1 \times 20 \times 10^{-3}}{0.083 \times 273} \times 2 \times 6.023 \times 10^{23}$$

$$= 1.06 \times 10^{21}$$

Ans. 1

23. If NaCl is doped with  $10^{-3}$  mole percentage of  $\text{SrCl}_2$ , cationic vacancies per mole of NaCl. ( $N_A = 6.023 \times 10^{23}$ ) are  $6.022 \times 10^x$ . Determine x.

Ans. (18)

Sol. 100 mole NaCl  $\longrightarrow$   $10^{-3}$  mole  $\text{SrCl}_2 \longrightarrow 10^{-3} N_A$  Cationic vacancies

$\therefore$  1 mole NaCl  $\longrightarrow 10^{-5} N_A$  Cationic vacancies

$$= 10^{-5} \times 6.023 \times 10^{23}$$

$$= 6.022 \times 10^{18} \text{ Cationic vacancies}$$

24. During the recovery of  $\text{NH}_3$  in solvey process byproduct formed is :

(1)  $\text{CaCl}_2$

(2)  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$

(3) NaCl

(4)  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$

Ans. (1)

25. Highest flocculating power for the coagulation of negatively charged sol is –

(1)  $\text{Na}^+$

(2)  $\text{Be}^{2+}$

(3)  $\text{PO}_4^{3-}$

(4)  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$

Ans. (2)