

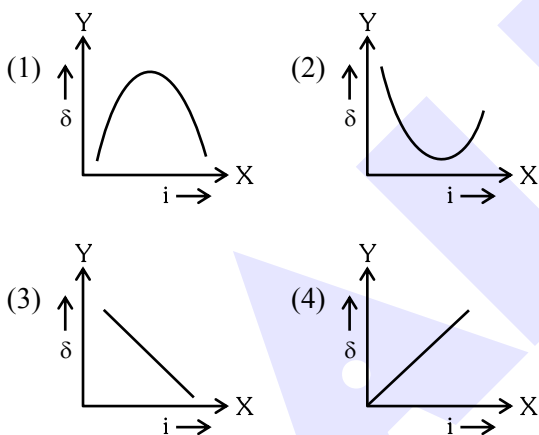
**FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION – JULY, 2021**
**(Held On Tuesday 27<sup>th</sup> July, 2021)**
**TIME : 3 : 00 PM to 6 : 00 PM**
**PHYSICS**
**TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER**
**SECTION-A**

1. An electron and proton are separated by a large distance. The electron starts approaching the proton with energy 3 eV. The proton captures the electrons and forms a hydrogen atom in second excited state. The resulting photon is incident on a photosensitive metal of threshold wavelength 4000 Å. What is the maximum kinetic energy of the emitted photoelectron?

- (1) 7.61 eV  
 (2) 1.41 eV  
 (3) 3.3 eV  
 (4) No photoelectron would be emitted

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

2. The expected graphical representation of the variation of angle of deviation 'δ' with angle of incidence 'i' in a prism is :


**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

3. A raindrop with radius  $R = 0.2$  mm falls from a cloud at a height  $h = 2000$  m above the ground. Assume that the drop is spherical throughout its fall and the force of buoyance may be neglected, then the terminal speed attained by the raindrop is : [Density of water  $f_w = 1000$  kg m<sup>-3</sup> and Density of air  $f_a = 1.2$  kg m<sup>-3</sup>,  $g = 10$  m/s<sup>2</sup>

 Coefficient of viscosity of air =  $1.8 \times 10^{-5}$  Nsm<sup>-2</sup>]

- (1) 250.6 ms<sup>-1</sup>                      (2) 43.56 ms<sup>-1</sup>  
 (3) 4.94 ms<sup>-1</sup>                        (4) 14.4 ms<sup>-1</sup>

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

4. One mole of an ideal gas is taken through an adiabatic process where the temperature rises from 27°C to 37°C. If the ideal gas is composed of polyatomic molecule that has 4 vibrational modes, which of the following is true?

$$[R = 8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}]$$

- (1) work done by the gas is close to 332 J  
 (2) work done on the gas is close to 582 J  
 (3) work done by the gas is close to 582 J  
 (4) work done on the gas is close to 332 J

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

5. An object of mass 0.5 kg is executing simple harmonic motion. Its amplitude is 5 cm and time period (T) is 0.2 s. What will be the potential energy of the object at an instant  $t = \frac{T}{4}$  s starting from mean position. Assume that the initial phase of the oscillation is zero.

- (1) 0.62 J                                      (2)  $6.2 \times 10^{-3}$  J  
 (3)  $1.2 \times 10^3$  J                              (4)  $6.2 \times 10^3$  J

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

6. Match List I with List II.

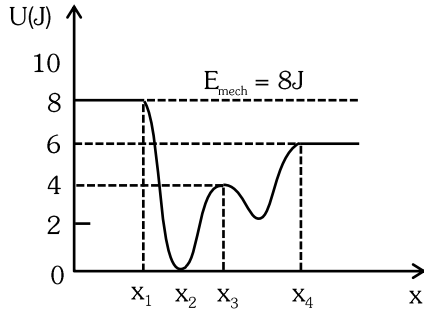
List-I	List-II
(a) Capacitance, C	(i) $M^1L^1T^{-3}A^{-1}$
(b) Permittivity of free space, $\epsilon_0$	(ii) $M^{-1}L^{-3}T^4A^2$
(c) Permeability of free space, $\mu_0$	(iii) $M^{-1}L^{-2}T^4A^2$
(d) Electric field, E	(iv) $M^1L^1T^{-2}A^{-2}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) (a) → (iii), (b) → (ii), (c) → (iv), (d) → (i)  
 (2) (a) → (iii), (b) → (iv), (c) → (ii), (d) → (i)  
 (3) (a) → (iv), (b) → (ii), (c) → (iii), (d) → (i)  
 (4) (a) → (iv), (b) → (iii), (c) → (ii), (d) → (i)

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

7. Given below is the plot of a potential energy function  $U(x)$  for a system, in which a particle is in one dimensional motion, while a conservative force  $F(x)$  acts on it. Suppose that  $E_{\text{mech}} = 8 \text{ J}$ , the incorrect statement for this system is :



[where K.E. = kinetic energy]

- (1) at  $x > x_4$ , K.E. is constant throughout the region.  
 (2) at  $x < x_1$ , K.E. is smallest and the particle is moving at the slowest speed.  
 (3) at  $x = x_2$ , K.E. is greatest and the particle is moving at the fastest speed.  
 (4) at  $x = x_3$ , K.E. = 4 J.

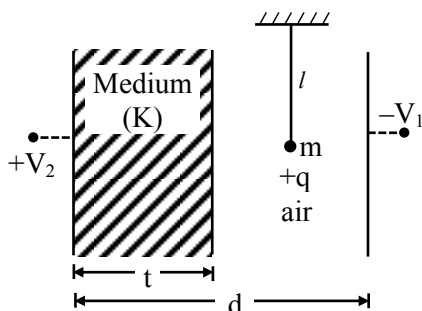
**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

8. A  $100 \Omega$  resistance, a  $0.1 \mu\text{F}$  capacitor and an inductor are connected in series across a  $250 \text{ V}$  supply at variable frequency. Calculate the value of inductance of inductor at which resonance will occur. Given that the resonant frequency is  $60 \text{ Hz}$ .

- (1)  $0.70 \text{ H}$  (2)  $70.3 \text{ mH}$   
 (3)  $7.03 \times 10^{-5} \text{ H}$  (4)  $70.3 \text{ H}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

9. A simple pendulum of mass ' $m$ ', length ' $l$ ' and charge '+ $q$ ' suspended in the electric field produced by two conducting parallel plates as shown. The value of deflection of pendulum in equilibrium position will be



(1)  $\tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{q}{mg} \times \frac{C_1(V_2 - V_1)}{(C_1 + C_2)(d - t)} \right]$

(2)  $\tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{q}{mg} \times \frac{C_2(V_2 - V_1)}{(C_1 + C_2)(d - t)} \right]$

(3)  $\tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{q}{mg} \times \frac{C_2(V_1 + V_2)}{(C_1 + C_2)(d - t)} \right]$

(4)  $\tan^{-1} \left[ \frac{q}{mg} \times \frac{C_1(V_1 + V_2)}{(C_1 + C_2)(d - t)} \right]$

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

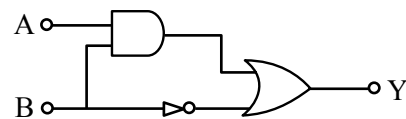
10. Two Carnot engines A and B operate in series such that engine A absorbs heat at  $T_1$  and rejects heat to a sink at temperature  $T$ . Engine B absorbs half of the heat rejected by Engine A and rejects heat to the sink at  $T_3$ . When workdone in both the cases is equal, to value of  $T$  is :

(1)  $\frac{2}{3}T_1 + \frac{3}{2}T_3$  (2)  $\frac{1}{3}T_1 + \frac{2}{3}T_3$

(3)  $\frac{3}{2}T_1 + \frac{1}{3}T_3$  (4)  $\frac{2}{3}T_1 + \frac{1}{3}T_3$

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

11. Find the truth table for the function  $Y$  of  $A$  and  $B$  represented in the following figure.



(1)

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	0
1	1	0

(2)

A	B	Y
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	1

(3)

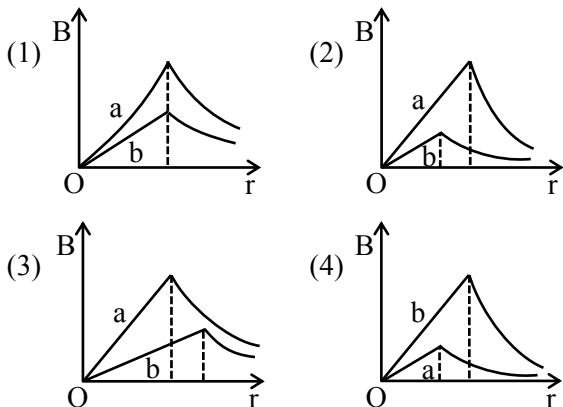
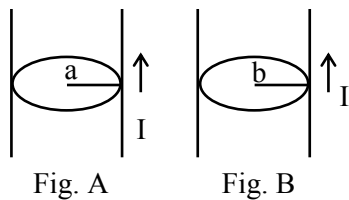
A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

(4)

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

12. Figure A and B shown two long straight wires of circular cross-section (a and b with  $a < b$ ), carrying current  $I$  which is uniformly distributed across the cross-section. The magnitude of magnetic field  $B$  varies with radius  $r$  and can be represented as :



**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

13. Two identical particles of mass 1 kg each go round a circle of radius  $R$ , under the action of their mutual gravitational attraction. The angular speed of each particle is :

(1)  $\sqrt{\frac{G}{2R^3}}$  (2)  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{G}{R^3}}$  (3)  $\frac{1}{2R}\sqrt{\frac{1}{G}}$  (4)  $\sqrt{\frac{2G}{R^3}}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

14. Consider the following statements :

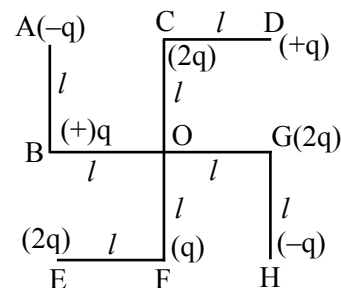
- A. Atoms of each element emit characteristics spectrum.
- B. According to Bohr's Postulate, an electron in a hydrogen atom, revolves in a certain stationary orbit.
- C. The density of nuclear matter depends on the size of the nucleus.
- D. A free neutron is stable but a free proton decay is possible.
- E. Radioactivity is an indication of the instability of nuclei.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) A, B, C, D and E
- (2) A, B and E only
- (3) B and D only
- (4) A, C and E only

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

15. What will be the magnitude of electric field at point O as shown in figure? Each side of the figure is  $l$  and perpendicular to each other?



- (1)  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{l^2}$
- (2)  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{(2l^2)} (2\sqrt{2}-1)$
- (3)  $\frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 (2l)^2}$
- (4)  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{2q}{2l^2} (\sqrt{2})$

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

16. A physical quantity 'y' is represented by the formula  $y = m^2 r^{-4} g^x l^{\frac{3}{2}}$

If the percentage errors found in  $y, m, r, l$  and  $g$  are 18, 1, 0.5, 4 and  $p$  respectively, then find the value of  $x$  and  $p$ .

- (1) 5 and  $\pm 2$  (2) 4 and  $\pm 3$
- (3)  $\frac{16}{3}$  and  $\pm \frac{3}{2}$  (4) 8 and  $\pm 2$

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

17. An automobile of mass 'm' accelerates starting from origin and initially at rest, while the engine supplies constant power  $P$ . The position is given as a function of time by :

- (1)  $\left(\frac{9P}{8m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} t^{\frac{3}{2}}$  (2)  $\left(\frac{8P}{9m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} t^{\frac{2}{3}}$
- (3)  $\left(\frac{9m}{8P}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} t^{\frac{3}{2}}$  (4)  $\left(\frac{8P}{9m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} t^{\frac{3}{2}}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

18. The planet Mars has two moons, if one of them has a period 7 hours, 30 minutes and an orbital radius of  $9.0 \times 10^3$  km. Find the mass of Mars.

$$\left\{ \text{Given } \frac{4\pi^2}{G} = 6 \times 10^{11} \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ kg}^2 \right\}$$

- (1)  $5.96 \times 10^{19}$  kg      (2)  $3.25 \times 10^{21}$  kg  
(3)  $7.02 \times 10^{25}$  kg      (4)  $6.00 \times 10^{23}$  kg

**Official Ans. by NTA (4)**

19. A particle of mass  $M$  originally at rest is subjected to a force whose direction is constant but magnitude varies with time according to the relation

$$F = F_0 \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{t-T}{T} \right)^2 \right]$$

Where  $F_0$  and  $T$  are constants. The force acts only for the time interval  $2T$ . The velocity  $v$  of the particle after time  $2T$  is :

- (1)  $2F_0T / M$                       (2)  $F_0T / 2M$   
(3)  $4F_0T / 3M$                       (4)  $F_0T / 3M$

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

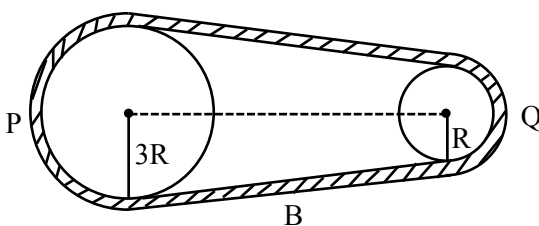
20. The resistance of a conductor at  $15^\circ\text{C}$  is  $16 \Omega$  and at  $100^\circ\text{C}$  is  $20\Omega$ . What will be the temperature coefficient of resistance of the conductor?

- (1)  $0.010^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$                       (2)  $0.033^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$   
(3)  $0.003^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$                       (4)  $0.042^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$

**Official Ans. by NTA (3)**

### SECTION-B

1. In the given figure, two wheels P and Q are connected by a belt B. The radius of P is three times as that of Q. In case of same rotational kinetic energy, the ratio of rotational inertias  $\left( \frac{I_1}{I_2} \right)$  will be  $x : 1$ . The value of  $x$  will be \_\_\_\_\_.



**Official Ans. by NTA (9)**

2. The difference in the number of waves when yellow light propagates through air and vacuum columns of the same thickness is one. The thickness of the air column is \_\_\_\_\_ mm. [Refractive index of air = 1.0003, wavelength of yellow light in vacuum =  $6000 \text{ \AA}$ ]

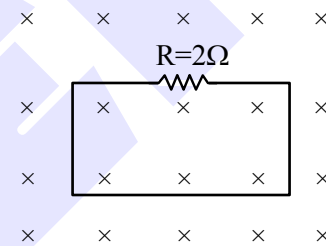
**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

3. The maximum amplitude for an amplitude modulated wave is found to be 12V while the minimum amplitude is found to be 3V. The modulation index is  $0.6x$  where  $x$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

4. In the given figure the magnetic flux through the loop increases according to the relation  $\phi_B(t) = 10t^2 + 20t$ , where  $\phi_B$  is in milliwebers and  $t$  is in seconds.

The magnitude of current through  $R = 2\Omega$  resistor at  $t = 5$  s is \_\_\_\_\_ mA.



**Official Ans. by NTA (60)**

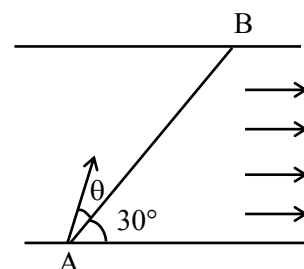
5. A particle executes simple harmonic motion represented by displacement function as

$$x(t) = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$

If the position and velocity of the particle at  $t = 0$  s are 2 cm and  $2\omega$  cm  $\text{s}^{-1}$  respectively, then its amplitude is  $x\sqrt{2}$  cm where the value of  $x$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

6. A swimmer wants to cross a river from point A to point B. Line AB makes an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the flow of river. Magnitude of velocity of the swimmer is same as that of the river. The angle  $\theta$  with the line AB should be \_\_\_\_\_ $^\circ$ , so that the swimmer reaches point B.



**Official Ans. by NTA (30)**

7. For the circuit shown, the value of current at time  $t = 3.2$  s will be \_\_\_\_\_ A.

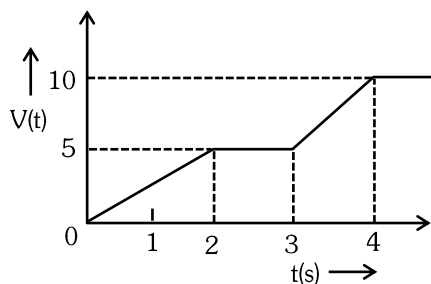


Figure 1

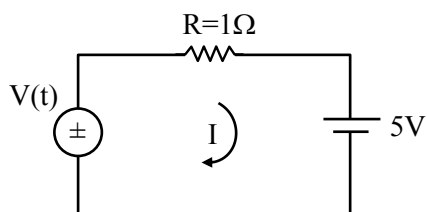


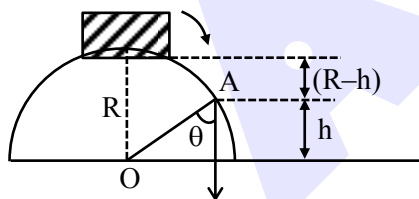
Figure-2

[Voltage distribution  $V(t)$  is shown by Fig. (1) and the circuit is shown in Fig. (2)]

**Official Ans. by NTA (1)**

8. A small block slides down from the top of hemisphere of radius  $R = 3$  m as shown in the figure. The height ' $h$ ' at which the block will lose contact with the surface of the sphere is \_\_\_\_\_ m.

(Assume there is no friction between the block and the hemisphere)



**Official Ans. by NTA (2)**

9. The  $K_{\alpha}$  X-ray of molybdenum has wavelength 0.071 nm. If the energy of a molybdenum atoms with a K electron knocked out is 27.5 keV, the energy of this atom when an L electron is knocked out will be \_\_\_\_\_ keV. (Round off to the nearest integer)

$[h = 4.14 \times 10^{-15} \text{ eVs}, c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}]$

**Official Ans. by NTA (10)**

10. The water is filled upto height of 12 m in a tank having vertical sidewalls. A hole is made in one of the walls at a depth ' $h$ ' below the water level. The value of ' $h$ ' for which the emerging stream of water strikes the ground at the maximum range is \_\_\_\_\_ m.

**Official Ans. by NTA (6)**